Macroscopic and Microscopic Identification of Cortex type of Decoction Pieces Commonly Found in Hong Kong



Source The dried root bark of Acanthopanax gracilistylus W. W. Smith in the

family Araliaceae

**Property** Warm; pungent and bitter and Flavour

Meridian Liver and kidney meridians
Affinity

Actions To remove wind and eliminate dampness, tonify the liver and kidney, strengthen the sinews and bones, induce urination and resolve oedema

**Production** Mainly produced in Hubei, Henan, Anhui, etc.

#### Note:

\* Its name in Chinese Pharmacopoeia (2020 Edition) is "Acanthopanacis Cortex".



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## **Macroscopic Identification Features**

**Shape** Irregularly-quilled, some in flat slices

Outer surface is greyish-brown and has slightly twisted wrinkles and irregular cracks

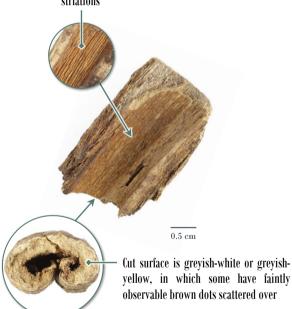
Some with linear lenticels visible



0.5 cm

#### **Cortex Acanthopanacis**

Inner surface is greyish-yellow, light brown or light yellow and has fine straight striations





Texture Light, fragile, easily broken

Fracture Slightly uneven. Brown dots (→) are usually visible and more distinct than on cut surface



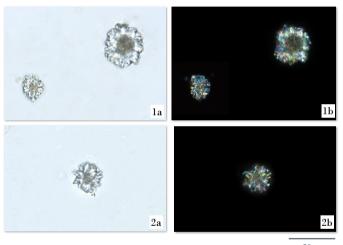
**Odour** Slight aroma



# Feature of Easy Powder Microscopic Identification

- Crystal -

#### Cluster of calcium oxalate



 $50~\mu\mathrm{m}$ 

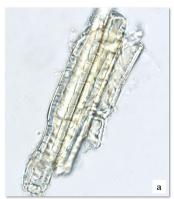
Scattered or present in parenchymatous cell, varies in size, angle is usually thick and short (1), while sometimes acute (2); polychromatic under polarized light microscope

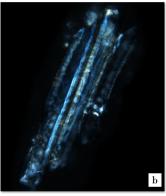


# Additional Features of Powder Microscopic Identification

## - Sclerenchyma -

#### Phloem fibre





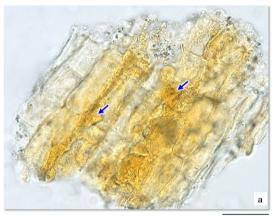
 $50 \mu m$ 

Singly scattered or several in bundles, with thick or slightly thick wall, pits and pit canals are usually sparse; bright white, orange-yellow or polychromatic under polarized light microscope



## - Secretory tissue -

### Fragment of secretory canal



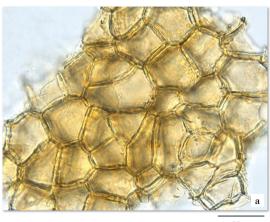
 $50 \mu m$ 

Contains light yellow or yellowish-brown secretions(→)



### - Protective tissue -

#### Cork cell



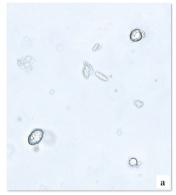
 $50 \, \mu m$ 

Light yellow or light yellowish-brown, appears sub-polygonal or sub-square in surface view



#### - Starch -

## Starch granule





50 µm

Small, simple granule is fewer, sub-rounded, compound granule consists of several to tens units; relatively dim, and black and cruciate-shaped under polarized light microscope





## **Key Identification Features**

### - Macroscopic features -

- Outer surface has slightly twisted wrinkles and irregular cracks, in which some have lenticels visible
- ♦ Fracture is slightly uneven and usually with brown dots visible

### - Powder Microscopic features -

♦ Angle of cluster of calcium oxalate is usually thick and short

For more information, please refer to website of the Hong Kong Chinese Materia Medica Standards:

Acanthopanacis Cortex — HKCMMS (Vol 6)

Government Chinese Medicines Testing Institute Department of Health Enquiry hotline: 3188 8079 Website: www.cmro.gov.hk

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